



The Bear in China

November 15, 2022

While U.S. investors are coping with bear market returns, Chinese stock investors are experiencing a fire sale. The Hang Seng China Enterprises Index lost a total of 9% of its value last week, falling to its lowest level since 2008. Chinese companies listed on U.S. exchanges fared even worse, dropping 21% on Friday.

Ordinarily, these huge dips represent an overreaction and a big buying opportunity, but among funds that are investing in China, there is little appetite to move back into the market. The market drop represents a negative response among business leaders to the events at China's twice-a-decade party congress, where President Xi Jinping stacked the country's leadership ranks with allies, clearing away opposition to Xi and opening the door for the party to exert greater state control over Chinese markets and the Chinese economy overall.

Government interference in which companies succeed and fail, and the Chinese habit of propping up unprofitable enterprises run by government cronies, has made it hard to predict future earnings and growth—which are the drivers of building stock value. Adding to the negative outlook is an initiative by the U.S. and its global allies (Europe, Canada, Japan, South Korea, and Australia) to limit shipments of chip production equipment to China, cutting semiconductor technology out of China.

Piling on to the gloomy expectations about China's future is the huge debt crisis in the country's real estate sector, most prominently led by the huge Chinese development company Evergrande, whose finances are a few rungs below bankruptcy at this point, even though the company is too big a part of the Chinese economy to be allowed to fail. People who have bought homes from the real estate giant are now refusing to pay their mortgages, due to chronic construction delays. In the U.S., structural problems like these would be easily handled, but real estate and property sectors account for a quarter of China's total gross domestic product. Evergrande and the Kaisa and Shimao development companies collectively are carrying liabilities in excess of \$300 billion, and no bailout is in sight.

Sources:

<https://www.advisorperspectives.com/articles/2022/10/28/xi-leaves-china-stocks-in-tatters-with-record-post-congress-drop>

<https://www.cnbc.com/2022/10/25/china-property-why-beijing-wont-bail-out-its-real-estate-sector.html>

If you have any questions about this article or want to discuss your family finances, investment portfolio, or financial planning advice, please call on me anytime at my number [\(215\) 325-1595](tel:2153251595) or you can [click here to schedule a meeting](#).

Please feel free to forward this article and offer to anyone you know who might have financial questions or need some unbiased advice. Most financial advice is sales advice. In stark contrast, we are fee-only (non-commissioned) fiduciary advisors. We just provide truthful, unbiased advice to our clients.



Jeffrey Broadhurst
MBA, CFA, CFP
Broadhurst Financial Advisors, Inc.



****PRIVACY NOTICE****

This message is intended only for the individual or entity to which it is addressed and may contain information that is privileged, confidential, or exempt from disclosure under applicable federal or state law. You are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, or copying of this communication, except in accordance with its intended purpose, is strictly prohibited.

Our physical and mail address:

1911 West Point Pike
P.O. Box 301
West Point, PA 19486-0301

Contact us:

Phone: (215) 325-1595
Email: jeff@broadhurstfinancial.com